

Chapter 31 Fluid Mechanics (Examples) (S14)

**Example 1:** What is the density of the earth?

**Example 2:** A piece of paper (8 1/2" by 11") is lying on a horizontal surface. What is the magnitude of the force caused by air pressure acting on the top of the paper?

**Example 3:** How much pressure acts on the bottom of a 3000 m deep ocean?

**Example 4:** To what maximum height can a column of alcohol (0.806 gm/cc) be raised at sea level on earth by a vacuum pump?

**Example 5:** A vertical pipe is filled with two fluids which do not mix. The upper fluid is 30 m deep and has a density of  $3700 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . The lower fluid is 50 m deep and has a density of  $8500 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . What is the pressure at the bottom of the pipe?

**Example 6:** A u-tube is partially filled with water and then kerosene (0.82 gm/cc) is poured on top of the water in one side of the u-tube until the difference in height between the level of water in the two sides is 20 cm. How thick is the layer of kerosene?

**Example 7:** What is the buoyant force acting on an object when it is completely submerged in water? The object has a mass of 1.2 kg and a volume of  $0.3 \text{ m}^3$ .

**Example 8:** A 30 kg child sits on a raft which just barely keeps her out of the water. The Styrofoam raft is  $0.4 \times 0.4 \times 0.2 \text{ m}$ . What is the density of the Styrofoam?

**Example 9:** A 3/4 inch diameter hose can fill a 10 gallon (1 gallon =  $231 \text{ in}^3$ ) can in 80 seconds. What is the speed of the water after a 1/4 inch nozzle has been screwed onto the hose?

**Example 10:** A water tank has a hole in its side. The hole is 10 m below the surface of the water and 20 liters of water leak out every minute. What is the diameter of the hole?

**Example 11:** An airplane wing is just able to lift a 5000 kg plane. If the speed of the air over the top of the wing is 100 m/s and under the bottom of the wing it is 60 m/s, what is the area of the wing?

**Example 12:** A pump is used to empty a flooded basement. The pump intake is located 4 m below the outflow. The intake diameter is 20 cm and output diameter is 10 cm. What is the intake pressure in atmospheres if 1 cubic meter of water is being pumped out each minute?